

Structure of tournament

1. Organizational hierarchy

The organizational hierarchy of the tournament consists of multiple elements that all play a vital part in getting such a large undertaking to run smoothly:

- **Tournament manager.** The person in charge of the tournament and for making all final decisions during the execution of the tournament. Will be available during the tournament.
- **Referee.** The person responsible for running all bouts on one mat. Responsibilities include, but are not limited to, starting/stopping a bout, announcing score, clearing up misunderstandings, giving out warnings and disqualifications.
- **Judges.** A group of judges judge all exchanges in a bout and award points based on their impression of what happened during each exchange.
- **Secretariat.** Announce bouts, keeping time as well as score and making sure fencers are presented with red and blue armbands.

In addition to the people filling these roles there are three vital components to all tournaments: fencers, coaches and audience. For the purposes of this text, “fencers” and “coaches” refers only to the two fencers and up to two coaches who are involved in a bout. All others are considered members of the audience.

In order for a tournament to run as efficiently and correctly as possible, it is important to establish proper communications channels between all the elements involved.

If the fencers or the coaches have any concerns during a bout they can address the *referee* by calling a time-out.

Members of the audience can direct their questions and comments to the *tournament manager*. The tournament manager can address the referee between exchanges should the issue warrant attention during the bout. Under no circumstances are members of the audience to address anyone involved in the ongoing bout.

Anyone who has a question, complaint or comment between bouts is to direct their issue to the *tournament manager*.

2. Pool round

The fencers will be seeded and split into pools. The ranking used will be the current NHFL rating and if no such rating exists the known skill for the fencer in question will be used.

The size of the pools depends on the number of participants. The pools will only be final after registration on the day of the tournament.

Each fencer will have one bout with all the other fencers in their pool. After this, all the fencers are ranked, based on the following criteria:

1. Highest victory index; number of bouts won divided with number of bouts fought
2. Highest hit index; delivered hits minus received hits, divided with number of bouts fought
3. Lowest received index; number of received hits divided with number of bouts fought

The actual number of delivered hits will be used which can be both lower and higher than 5 for sabre and 7 for longsword despite a won bout.

If two fencers are still ranked the same their internal bout result decides who will rank higher. If such a result does not exist their internal order in the ranking is decided by drawing of lots.

During the pool round the fencers in the current pool must remain in the designated area with their equipment on.

If a fencer forfeits a bout the result for that bout will be recorded as a victory for the opponent with 3 points to 0 points. This applies regardless of the current score at the time of the forfeit.

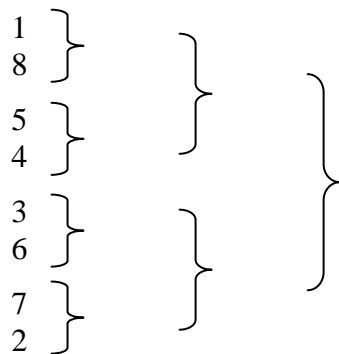
If a fencer withdraws from the tournament or is disqualified during the pool round, that pool will be handled as if the fencer never participated in the tournament. This applies regardless of number of fought bouts in the pool.

3. Elimination rounds

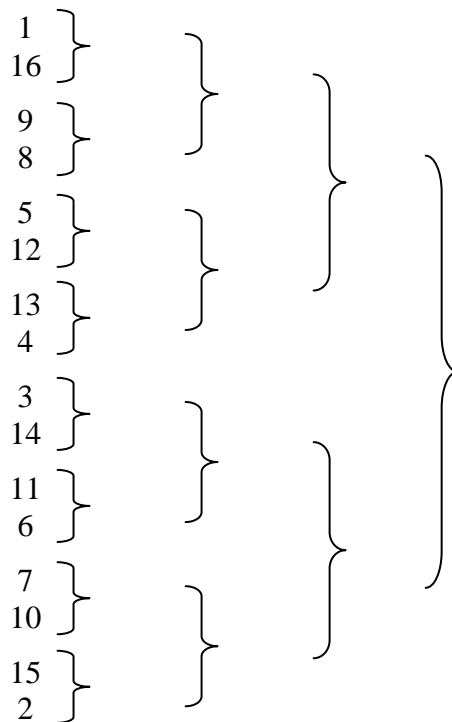
After the pool round the tournament moves on to the elimination rounds where each fencer will continue to fight bouts until they suffer a defeat.

The elimination rounds starts with the highest ranking fencer meeting the lowest ranking fencer that made it to the first elimination round according to the examples below:

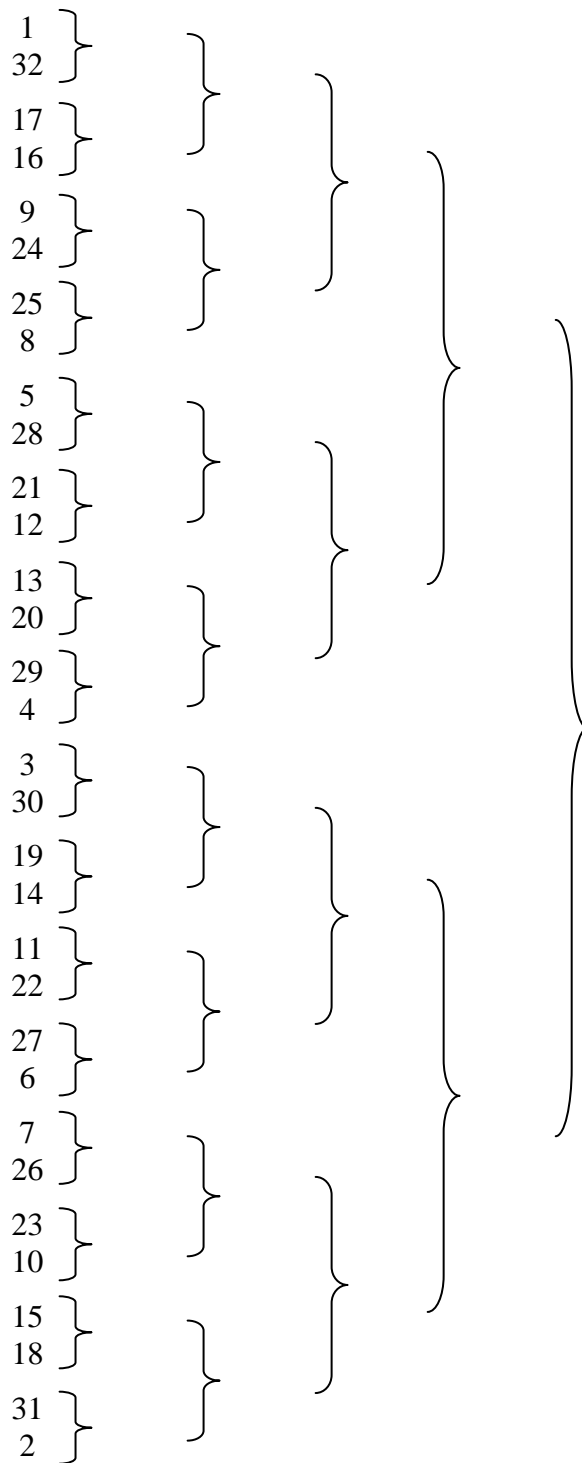
Ranking after pool round, 8 fencers



Ranking after pool round, 16 fencers



Ranking after pool round, 32 fencers



The number of fencers advancing to the elimination rounds will be decided based on the number of the participants. It is also possible that the highest ranking fencers will fight one elimination round less than the rest. This depends on the number of participants and will be announced at the same time as the pools.

If a fencer withdraws from the tournament or is disqualified before the elimination trees are published, the fencer is removed from the ranking and everyone below moves up one place.

If a fencer withdraws from the tournament or is disqualified after the elimination trees are published, the fencer will be considered to lose the forthcoming bout, resulting in a walk-over for the opponent.

4. Fight for third and first places

The fights for third and first places in the tournament will be decided by the best of three bouts with a 1 minute break in between. Every single bout will be conducted as a bout in the elimination rounds.

Once a fencer wins two bouts the fight is won.